	P	TOUULL TECHNIC	car specification
Supplier product	code	05523	
Version		0020	
Issue date		17.12.2018	DENCHAW
Range		Renshaw Food Service	RENSHAW
Product title	Luxur	y Caramel CP023 MB	THE PROFESSIONALS CHOICE ESTP 1898
Product descripti	ion		
A smooth viscous toffee flavour.	s brown caran	nel, with a distinct milky	
Pack size:			12.5Kg &
Contacts			
Specifications qu	eries	Email:	Specifications@realgoodfoodplc.com
Manufacturing Si	ite Head of	Name:	Samuel Wynne
Technical		Email:	Samuel.Wynne@jfrenshaw.co.uk
, common		Telephone:	0151 706 8200
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		Address.	Liverpool
			Merseyside
			L8 7RF
			LO 7 M
Applications info	rmation	Web address:	https://www.renshawbaking.com
Applications into	mation	Contact:	info@renshawbaking.com
		Contacti	IIIIO@Tenshawbaking.com
Sales queries		Email:	sales@jfrenshaw.co.uk
Jaies queries		Liliali.	Sales@jirensnaw.co.uk
		Legal Compl	iance
This product, it's	hygienic man		edients, packaging, labelling, storage and
transportation w	ithin our cont	rol, conform to all relevan	t UK/EU legislation in force at the date of
manufacture.			
The product is w	arranted as ne	er the statement included i	in the sales documentation at time of purchase.
The produce is the	arrantea as pe		
BR)C	https://www.brcdirecto	ation bry.com/InternalSite//Site.aspx?BrcSiteCode=1060562
Bit			d (A Real Good Food PLC company):
	Completed	on benan or at Kenshaw Etc	(Artical Good Food File Company).
	SECLI	retham	
Signed:	0000	001 - 001 -	
Name:	Sarah Cheetham		
Position:		ns Technologist	
	Reviewed ar	nd approved on behalf of I	F Renshaw Ltd (A Real Good Food PLC company):
	/	approved on bendin Or I	
1			
Signed:	DO()		
Name:	Samuel Wyr	ine	
	Januar VV yr		

Position:

Site Head of Technical - JF Renshaw

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Legal name

Caramel

Ingredients list

Sweetened Condensed Skimmed **Milk**, Glucose Syrup (**Sulphites**), Invert Sugar Syrup, Palm Oil, Butter (**Milk**), Sugar, Emulsifier: Mono- and Di-Glycerides of Fatty Acids, Stabiliser: Pectin, Salt, Natural Flavouring.

Allergens: Please see the ingredients in **bold** text.

Made in a factory that handles nut ingredients (Almonds)

Composition	Typical figures %	Countries of origin
Sweetened Condensed Skimmed Milk	45 - 55	The Netherlands
Glucose Syrup	15 - 20	UK, Netherlands
Invert Sugar Syrup	10 - 15	ик
Palm Oil	10 - 15	Papua New Guinea, Solomon Islands, Malaysia, Indonesia
Butter (Sweetcream Salted Butter)	5 - 10	UK, Ireland
Sugar	1-5	Angola, Australia, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Colombia, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, Ethiopia, Fiji, France, Guadeloupe, Guatemala, Guyana, Honduras, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Kenya, Laos, Madagascar, Malawi, Mauritius, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Panama, Reunion, Suriname, Swaziland, Tanzania, United Kingdom, Zambia
Emulsifier: Mono- and Di- Glycerides of Fatty Acids (E471)	<1	Indonesia, Papua New Guinea, Malaysia, Solomon Islands (Manufactured in Spain)
Stabiliser: Pectin (E440)	<1	Germany
Salt	<1	ик
Natural Flavouring	<1	ик
	l	

Colour pigment		
N/A	N/A	

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Palm oil details		
Contains components sourced from Palm Oil/Palm Kernel Oil and/ or derivatives	Palm Oil and E471 derived from palm oil	
RSPO information	Palm Oil - RSPO Segregated certified sustainable E471 - RSPO MB certified sustainable	

Nutritional		
Method: Calculated	Typical figures per 100 g	
Energy (kJ/kcal)	1641 / 391	
Fat (g)	16.6	
of which saturates (g)	9.6	
Carbohydrates (g)	55.9	
of which sugars (g)	55.9	
Protein (g)	4.6	
Salt (g)	0.50	

Dietary information		
	Suitable for	Comments
Vegetarians	Yes	
Vegans	No	
Kosher	No	
Halal	Yes	Certified. Certificate available on request.

Genetically modified materials

To the best of our knowledge, this product is not made from genetically modified material and does not use processing aids or additives which are genetically modified. A GM policy is available on request.

Irradiated materials

This product does not contain any ingredients that have been treated with ionising radiation.

Nanomaterials

This product does not contain any engineered nanomaterials.

Shelf life: unopened

7 months from date of manufacture.

Shelf life: opened

Once opened, it is the responsibility of our customers to establish the maximum permitted time until all material should be used. This will depend on their specific environment, practices and procedures.

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Free From claims

We do not make any "Free From" claims for our products as we do not conduct any validation testing.

validation testing.				
Substances or products causing allergies or into Substance	Product ingredient contains?	Used on same production line?	Used in same Factory	Comments
Cereals containing gluten, wheat; rye; barley; oats; spelt; kamut and products thereof,	No	No	No	
except: wheat based glucose syrups including dextrose.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Exempt from allergen labelling
Crustaceans and products thereof	No	No	No	
Eggs and products thereof	No	No	Yes	Dried Egg White
Fish and products thereof	No	No	No	
Peanuts and products thereof	No	No	No	
Soybeans and products thereof	No	Yes	Yes	Lecithins
Milk and products thereof, including lactose	Yes	Yes	Yes	Milk, butter, and other derivatives
Nuts: Almonds; hazelnuts; walnuts; cashews; pecan nuts; Brazil nuts; pistachio nuts; macademia	No	No	Yes	Almonds
Celery and products thereof	No	No	No	
Mustard and products thereof	No	No	No	
Sesame seeds and products thereof	No	No	No	
Sulphur dioxide and sulphites > 10 mg/kg	Yes	Yes	Yes	Present in finished product at 25 - 45 ppm (by analysis)
Lupin and products thereof	No	No	No	
Molluscs and products thereof	No	No	No	

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Microbiological testing			
At the time of manufacture			
Organism	Target	Maximum	
TVC	<1000 cfu/g	10000 cfu/g	
Yeasts & Moulds	<100 cfu/g	500 cfu/g	
Enterobacteraceae	<10 cfu/g	100 cfu/g	
Salmonella	Not detected in 25g	N/A	
	•	•	

CLAS accredited methodology used. Test frequency based on risk assessment (JF Renshaw Ltd, in-house lab)

Chemical			
Test	Method	Standard	
Water Activity	Water activity meter	0.71 +/- 0.1	
TSS	By digital bench refractometer	78 - 80%	

Physical				
Test	Method	Standard		
Appearance	Organoleptic	A brown, thick caramel.		
Flavour	Organoleptic	Milky toffee.		
Texture	Organoleptic	Smooth, viscous.		
Aroma	Organoleptic	Sweet creamy caramel.		

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Brief process description

The ingredients are blended together and cooked. The mix is packed, checkweighed and metal detected.

Overview of HACCP - available upon request

Metal detection

Checked at start up, every hour and end of each packing run: 1.5mm Ferrous, 2.0mm Non-Ferrous, 2.5mm Stainless Steel test pieces.

Sieves

Checked at start & end of each shift: 500 micron or 250 micron and 1mm.

Packaging

A white PP pail with a red PP lid. Label applied to each pail.

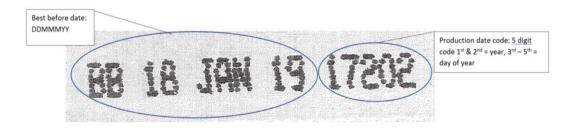
16 pails per layer, 3 layers high, 48 pails per pallet. All pallets shrink/stretched wrapped.

Recycling information

Lidded Pail - Plastic not currently recycled

Production date code

5 digit code. 1st & 2nd = year; 3-5 = day of the year e.g 26/08/2016 = 16238 In the event of any issues, please quote information as per example below:



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Health & safety data			
Physical Appearance		Smooth viscous caramel.	
Ingredients		See ingredients section of the specification.	
Intended use		For bakery use.	
Storage & Handling		See specification.	
Occupational expos	ure hazards	None, under normal conditions of use at room temperature. Avoid eye contact.	
Fire/explosion hazard		The product will burn if ignited, but under normal conditions of use, will present no fire risk.	
	Eyes:	Flush with plenty of water. Seek medical advice if needed.	
First Aid	Skin:	Wash with soap and water.	
FII'St Alu	Ingestion:	No hazard under normal conditions of use.	
	Inhalation:	No hazard under normal conditions of use.	
Spillage		Wash area with detergent and water to avoid slip hazard.	
Disposal of waste		Normal waste disposal in accordance with local and national laws.	
Other hazards		None known.	
Protective clothing		Normal for food handling.	

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Caramel handling and usage instructions

Caramel is a cooked confectionery product; typical ingredients include sweetened condensed milk, sugar, glucose syrup, invert syrup, vegetable oil, butter, emulsifier, pectin, salt and flavouring. (Refer to the ingredients list).

Possible applications:

Layering. E.g, suitable for layering caramel short cakes and brownies etc. There are also injectable and low water activity caramels available. Please ensure you have the correct one for your application.

Recommended storage

Caramel should be stored in dry conditions between 5°C and 18°C, away from heat sources and odorous materials. The shelf life of caramel is recommended provided the packaging remains unopened and product is stored correctly. It is the responsibility of our customers to carefully consider and establish that the caramel lasts for the required shelf life of their end products.

Recommended handling and processing:

a) Opening

Once opened, caramel should not be exposed to air for prolonged periods, in order to prevent product from graining.

Once opened, material should ideally be used in its entirety. It is the responsibility of our customers to establish the maximum permitted time until all material should be used. This will depend on their specific environment, practices and procedures.

b) Unused material

Any unused material should immediately have its packaging material resealed and stored appropriately for later use.

It is the responsibility of our customers to carefully consider and establish that any re-sealed material is fit for purpose when using it.

c) Handling

When using caramel ensure product has been heated to a suitable handling temperature that enables layering, dipping, enrobing etc.

Avoid over heating or further cooking of material.

d) Cross Contamination

Cross contamination from other products, ingredients and unhygienic equipment such as scoops, depositors should be avoided.

Always ensure equipment used in handling caramels is clean and free from contaminants, otherwise mould growth may occur.

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Things to be aware of:

a) Moisture

Caramels can become sticky if exposed to moisture or high humidity conditions during storage, handling or in the final product.

The imbalance of water activity between the various components of a bakery or confectionery product will cause moisture migration to or from the caramel layer. This can lead to softening of biscuit layers or drying out of caramel in finished products. There are specific caramels for certain types of process.

b) Viscosity Variation

Viscosity of caramels will vary; if inconsistent handling temperatures are used, caramel is overheated or further cooked when handling.

c) Grittiness

The formation of sugar crystals will give caramel an undesirable gritty texture. Sugar crystals can form in caramel, this can occur if the caramel is exposed to air for prolonged periods, caramel is stored incorrectly or from cross contaminants such as sugar or water during handling.

d) Fat Migration

Fat migration can lead to fat oiling out in finished product; this can occur if caramel is stored incorrectly, the fats used in the various components of a bakery or confectionery product are incompatible or if incorrect handling temperatures are used during manufacture of finished products.

e) Colour Variation

During manufacture best practices are carried out to ensure that there is little or no variation in caramel colour.

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